Heavy-Duty On-board Diagnostics



Todd Sherwood, U.S. EPA Commercial Vehicle Conference Chicago October 2004

Public Health Concerns

- Trucks are a major factor in dozens of large cities at risk of violating national air quality standards (ozone and PM)
- Diesel PM has been implicated in an increased risk of lung cancer and respiratory disease
 - California has declared it a toxic air contaminant -moving forward with control program
 - EPA has concluded (and the Clean Air Scientific Advisory Committee has approved) that diesel exhaust is likely to be carcinogenic to humans

Heavy-Duty Emissions

(thousand tons / year)



Heavy-Duty Emissions (million tons / year)





Health Benefits

- The program will prevent annually:
 - 8,300 premature deaths
 - 360,000 asthma attacks
 - 9,500 hospital admissions and ER visits
 - 1.5 million lost work days

• On a dollar-basis: \$70 billion/year (compares favorably with estimated \$4.3 billion/year cost)

HDOBD Role

- All of these great results assume that the new emissions control systems perform well in-use.
- HDOBD helps to drive such robustness.
 - Failing systems are identified.
 - Failing systems are repaired.

HDOBD Role

- Why do HDOBD when there will soon be a HD In-use Test Program?
 - In-use test program is designed to identify:
 - Poorly designed systems that fail.
 - Systems operating as designed yet failing to maintain emissions compliance.
 - HDOBD will be designed to identify malfunctioning systems/vehicles.
 - Properly designed vehicles that are no longer operating as designed.

- Starting point will be CARB's January 2004 draft.
- Seek stakeholder input/data

 Identify areas for further development
- Emissions thresholds will be an essential part of the regulation.

A Word on Emissions Thresholds

- Emissions thresholds are, typically, stated as some multiple of the standard (e.g., 1.5x the standard).
- The 1.5x emissions level is expected to be an inferred level.
 - That is, actual emissions are not expected to be measured.
 - Instead, component/system operating characteristics are correlated to an expected emissions impact.
 - Actual emissions are inferred based on the operating characteristics and their correlation to emissions.

- Comprehensive OBD imposes requirements beyond the engine.
 - Warning light, connector location, non-engine sensors/components (emission-related or used for engine monitors)
- Still looking for the most appropriate method to handle non-engine items.
 - Certification responsibilities; in-use liabilities; roles for truck manufacturers & transmission suppliers.

- While this rule will NOT directly establish Roadside/Fleet inspections based on >14k OBD....
 - CA intends to incorporate OBD into future HD inspections.
 - There is likely to be interest in HD inspections outside CA.
- The potential use of OBD in future HD inspections should not be ignored while developing a HDOBD rule.
 - Identify the probable needs of HD inspection programs
 - EPA/CARB will consult other stakeholders.
 - A number of technical issues will be looked at, such as:
 - The need for a dedicated OBD malfunction indicator
 - The need to limit the accepted communication protocols
 - The need for a wireless communication protocol

- Service & repair information
 - Identify diagnostic needs of service & repair industry.
 - Data parameters, test results, etc.
 - Ensure OBD and Service Info regulations are harmonized and address repair industry needs.
 - CA Service Info requirements for >14k
 - EPA starting point will be EPA Service Info requirements for <14k.

HDOBD Regulatory Timeline

- Implementation no later than 2010 MY
- CARB timeline:
 - Workshop: January 2005
 - Board Hearing: June 2005
- EPA timeline:
 - NPRM: Spring 2005
 - FRM: December 2005

Next Steps

- Meetings with manufacturers.
 Begun in October
- Possible meetings with other stakeholders.
- Meet with EMA in early December
- EPA/CARB staff begin working on NPRM/Draft Regulation documents.

Contacts

Mike McCarthy, CARB

 mmccarth@arb.ca.gov
 626.575.6615

Todd Sherwood, EPA

 sherwood.todd@epa.gov
 734.214.4405