108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 843

To amend the Clean Air Act to establish a national uniform multiple air pollutant regulatory program for the electric generating sector.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 9, 2003

Mr. Carper (for himself, Mr. Chafee, and Mr. Gregg) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To amend the Clean Air Act to establish a national uniform multiple air pollutant regulatory program for the electric generating sector.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Clean Air Planning Act of 2003".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
 - Sec. 3. Integrated air quality planning for the electric generating sector.
 - Sec. 4. New source review program.

- Sec. 5. Revisions to sulfur dioxide allowance program.
- Sec. 6. Air quality forecasts and warnings.
- Sec. 7. Relationship to other law.

1	SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
2	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
3	(1) fossil fuel-fired electric generating facilities,
4	consisting of facilities fueled by coal, fuel oil, and
5	natural gas, produce nearly 2/3 of the electricity gen-
6	erated in the United States;
7	(2) fossil fuel-fired electric generating facilities
8	produce approximately 2/3 of the total sulfur dioxide
9	emissions, ½ of the total nitrogen oxides emissions,
10	$\frac{1}{3}$ of the total carbon dioxide emissions, and $\frac{1}{3}$ of
11	the total mercury emissions, in the United States;
12	(3)(A) many electric generating facilities have
13	been exempt from the emission limitations applicable
14	to new units based on the expectation that over time
15	the units would be retired or updated with new pol-
16	lution control equipment; but
17	(B) many of the exempted units continue to op-
18	erate and emit pollutants at relatively high rates;
19	(4) pollution from existing electric generating
20	facilities can be reduced through adoption of modern
21	technologies and practices;
22	(5) the electric generating industry is being re-

structured with the objective of providing lower electricity rates and higher quality service to consumers;

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- (6) the full benefits of competition will not be realized if the environmental impacts of generation of electricity are not uniformly internalized; and
 - (7) the ability of owners of electric generating facilities to effectively plan for the future is impeded by the uncertainties surrounding future environmental regulatory requirements that are imposed inefficiently on a piecemeal basis.

(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

- (1) to protect and preserve the environment and safeguard public health by ensuring that substantial emission reductions are achieved at fossil fuel-fired electric generating facilities;
- (2) to significantly reduce the quantities of mercury, carbon dioxide, sulfur dioxide, and nitrogen oxides that enter the environment as a result of the combustion of fossil fuels;
- (3) to encourage the development and use of renewable energy;
- (4) to internalize the cost of protecting the values of public health, air, land, and water quality in the context of a competitive market in electricity;
- (5) to ensure fair competition among participants in the competitive market in electricity that

1	will result from fully restructuring the electric gener-
2	ating industry;
3	(6) to provide a period of environmental regu-
4	latory stability for owners and operators of electric
5	generating facilities so as to promote improved man-
6	agement of existing assets and new capital invest-
7	ments; and
8	(7) to achieve emission reductions from electric
9	generating facilities in a cost-effective manner.
10	SEC. 3. INTEGRATED AIR QUALITY PLANNING FOR THE
11	ELECTRIC GENERATING SECTOR.
12	The Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) is amend-
13	ed by adding at the end the following:
14	"TITLE VII—INTEGRATED AIR
15	QUALITY PLANNING FOR THE
16	ELECTRIC GENERATING SEC-
17	TOR
	"Sec. 701. Definitions. "Sec. 702. National pollutant tonnage limitations. "Sec. 703. Nitrogen oxide and mercury allowance trading programs. "Sec. 704. Carbon dioxide allowance trading program.
18	"SEC. 701. DEFINITIONS.
19	"In this title:
20	"(1) Affected unit.—
21	"(A) MERCURY.—The term 'affected unit',
22	with respect to mercury, means a coal-fired

1	electric generating facility (including a cogener-
2	ating facility) that—
3	"(i) has a nameplate capacity greater
4	than 25 megawatts; and
5	"(ii) generates electricity for sale.
6	"(B) Nitrogen oxides and carbon di-
7	OXIDE.—The term 'affected unit', with respect
8	to nitrogen oxides and carbon dioxide, means a
9	fossil fuel-fired electric generating facility (in-
10	cluding a cogenerating facility) that—
11	"(i) has a nameplate capacity greater
12	than 25 megawatts; and
13	"(ii) generates electricity for sale.
14	"(C) Sulfur dioxide.—The term 'af-
15	fected unit', with respect to sulfur dioxide, has
16	the meaning given the term in section 402.
17	"(2) CARBON DIOXIDE ALLOWANCE.—The term
18	'carbon dioxide allowance' means an authorization
19	allocated by the Administrator under this title to
20	emit 1 ton of carbon dioxide during or after a speci-
21	fied calendar year.
22	"(3) Covered unit.—The term 'covered unit'
23	means—
24	"(A) an affected unit;

1	"(B) a nuclear generating unit with re-
2	spect to incremental nuclear generation; and
3	"(C) a renewable energy unit.
4	"(4) Greenhouse gas.—The term 'greenhouse
5	gas' means—
6	"(A) carbon dioxide;
7	"(B) methane;
8	"(C) nitrous oxide;
9	"(D) hydrofluorocarbons;
10	"(E) perfluorocarbons; and
11	"(F) sulfur hexafluoride.
12	"(5) Incremental nuclear generation.—
13	The term 'incremental nuclear generation' means
14	the difference between—
15	"(A) the quantity of electricity generated
16	by a nuclear generating unit in a calendar year;
17	and
18	"(B) the quantity of electricity generated
19	by the nuclear generating unit in calendar year
20	1990;
21	as determined by the Administrator and measured in
22	megawatt hours.
23	"(6) Mercury allowance.—The term 'mer-
24	cury allowance' means an authorization allocated by

1	the Administrator under this title to emit 1 pound
2	of mercury during or after a specified calendar year.
3	"(7) New Renewable energy unit.—The
4	term 'new renewable energy unit' means a renewable
5	energy unit that has operated for a period of not
6	more than 3 years.
7	"(8) New Unit.—The term 'new unit' means
8	an affected unit that has operated for not more than
9	3 years and is not eligible to receive—
10	"(A) sulfur dioxide allowances under sec-
11	tion 417(b);
12	"(B) nitrogen oxide allowances or mercury
13	allowances under section 703(c)(2); or
14	"(C) carbon dioxide allowances under sec-
15	tion $704(e)(2)$.
16	"(9) NITROGEN OXIDE ALLOWANCE.—The term
17	'nitrogen oxide allowance' means an authorization
18	allocated by the Administrator under this title to
19	emit 1 ton of nitrogen oxides during or after a speci-
20	fied calendar year.
21	"(10) Nuclear generating unit.—The term
22	'nuclear generating unit' means an electric gener-
23	ating facility that—
24	"(A) uses nuclear energy to supply elec-
25	tricity to the electric power grid; and

1	"(B) commenced operation in calendar
2	year 1990 or earlier.
3	"(11) Renewable energy.—The term 'renew-
4	able energy' means electricity generated from—
5	"(A) wind;
6	"(B) organic waste (excluding incinerated
7	municipal solid waste);
8	"(C) biomass (including anaerobic diges-
9	tion from farm systems and landfill gas recov-
10	ery);
11	"(D) fuel cells; or
12	"(E) a hydroelectric, geothermal, solar
13	thermal, photovoltaic, or other nonfossil fuel
14	nonnuclear source.
15	"(12) Renewable energy unit.—The term
16	'renewable energy unit' means an electric generating
17	facility that uses exclusively renewable energy to
18	supply electricity to the electric power grid.
19	"(13) Sequestration.—The term 'sequestra-
20	tion' means the action of sequestering carbon by—
21	"(A) enhancing a natural carbon sink
22	(such as through afforestation); or
23	"(B)(i) capturing the carbon dioxide emit-
24	ted from a fossil fuel-based energy system; and

1	"(ii)(I) storing the carbon in a geologic
2	formation; or
3	"(II) converting the carbon to a benign
4	solid material through a biological or chemical
5	process.
6	"(14) Sulfur dioxide allowance.—The
7	term 'sulfur dioxide allowance' has the meaning
8	given the term 'allowance' in section 402.
9	"SEC. 702. NATIONAL POLLUTANT TONNAGE LIMITATIONS.
10	"(a) Sulfur Dioxide.—The annual tonnage limita-
11	tion for emissions of sulfur dioxide from affected units in
12	the United States shall be equal to—
13	"(1) for each of calendar years 2009 through
14	2012, 4,500,000 tons;
15	"(2) for each of calendar years 2013 through
16	2015, 3,500,000 tons; and
17	"(3) for calendar year 2016 and each calendar
18	year thereafter, 2,250,000 tons.
19	"(b) Nitrogen Oxides.—The annual tonnage limi-
20	tation for emissions of nitrogen oxides from affected units
21	in the United States shall be equal to—
22	"(1) for each of calendar years 2009 through
23	2012, 1,870,000 tons; and
24	"(2) for calendar year 2013 and each calendar
25	vear thereafter, 1.700.000 tons.

1	"(c) Mercury.—
2	"(1) In general.—The annual tonnage limita-
3	tion for emissions of mercury from affected units in
4	the United States shall be equal to—
5	"(A) for each of calendar years 2009
6	through 2012, 24 tons; and
7	"(B) for calendar year 2013 and each cal-
8	endar year thereafter, 10 tons.
9	"(2) Maximum emissions of mercury from
10	EACH AFFECTED UNIT.—
11	"(A) CALENDAR YEARS 2009 THROUGH
12	2012.—For each of calendar years 2009 through
13	2012, the emissions of mercury from each af-
14	fected unit shall not exceed either, at the option
15	of the operator of the affected unit—
16	"(i) 50 percent of the total quantity
17	of mercury present in the coal delivered to
18	the affected unit in the calendar year; or
19	"(ii) an annual output-based emission
20	rate for mercury that shall be determined
21	by the Administrator based on an input-
22	based rate of 4 pounds per trillion British
23	thermal units.
24	"(B) Calendar year 2013 and there-
25	AFTER —For calendar year 2013 and each cal-

1	endar year thereafter, the emissions of mercury
2	from each affected unit shall not exceed—
3	"(i) 30 percent of the total quantity
4	of mercury present in the coal delivered to
5	the affected unit in the calendar year; or
6	"(ii) an annual output-based emission
7	rate for mercury that shall be determined
8	by the Administrator.
9	"(d) Carbon Dioxide.—Subject to section 704(d),
10	the annual tonnage limitation for emissions of carbon di-
11	oxide from covered units in the United States shall be
12	equal to—
13	"(1) for each of calendar years 2009 through
14	2012, the quantity of emissions projected to be emit-
15	ted from affected units in calendar year 2006, as de-
16	termined by the Energy Information Administration
17	of the Department of Energy based on the projec-
18	tions of the Administration the publication of which
19	most closely precedes the date of enactment of this
20	title; and
21	``(2) for calendar year 2013 and each calendar
22	year thereafter, the quantity of emissions emitted
23	from affected units in calendar year 2001, as deter-
24	mined by the Energy Information Administration of
25	the Department of Energy.

1	"(e) Review of Annual Tonnage Limitations.—
2	"(1) Period of effectiveness.—The annual
3	tonnage limitations established under subsections (a)
4	through (d) shall remain in effect until the date that
5	is 20 years after the date of enactment of this title.
6	"(2) Determination by administrator.—
7	Not later than 15 years after the date of enactment
8	of this title, the Administrator, after considering im-
9	pacts on human health, the environment, the econ-
10	omy, and costs, shall determine whether 1 or more
11	of the annual tonnage limitations should be revised.
12	"(3) Determination not to revise.—If the
13	Administrator determines under paragraph (2) that
14	none of the annual tonnage limitations should be re-
15	vised, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal
16	Register a notice of the determination and the rea-
17	sons for the determination.
18	"(4) Determination to revise.—
19	"(A) In General.—If the Administrator
20	determines under paragraph (2) that 1 or more
21	of the annual tonnage limitations should be re-
22	vised, the Administrator shall publish in the
23	Federal Register—
24	"(i) not later than 15 years and 180
25	days after the date of enactment of this

1	title, proposed regulations implementing
2	the revisions; and
3	"(ii) not later than 16 years and 180
4	days after the date of enactment of this
5	title, final regulations implementing the re-
6	visions.
7	"(B) Effective date of revisions.—
8	Any revisions to the annual tonnage limitations
9	under subparagraph (A) shall take effect on the
10	date that is 20 years after the date of enact-
11	ment of this title.
12	"(f) Reduction of Emissions From Specified
13	AFFECTED UNITS.—Subject to the requirements of this
14	Act concerning national ambient air quality standards es-
15	tablished under part A of title I, notwithstanding the an-
16	nual tonnage limitations established under this section,
17	the Federal Government or a State government may re-
18	quire that emissions from a specified affected unit be re-
19	duced to address a local air quality problem.
20	"SEC. 703. NITROGEN OXIDE AND MERCURY ALLOWANCE
21	TRADING PROGRAMS.
22	"(a) Regulations.—
23	"(1) Promulgation.—
24	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Janu-
25	ary 1, 2005, the Administrator shall promul-

1	gate regulations to establish for affected units
2	in the United States—
3	"(i) a nitrogen oxide allowance trad-
4	ing program; and
5	"(ii) a mercury allowance trading pro-
6	gram.
7	"(B) Requirements.—Regulations pro-
8	mulgated under subparagraph (A) shall estab-
9	lish requirements for the allowance trading pro-
10	grams under this section, including require-
11	ments concerning—
12	(i)(I) the generation, allocation,
13	issuance, recording, tracking, transfer, and
14	use of nitrogen oxide allowances and mer-
15	cury allowances; and
16	"(II) the public availability of all in-
17	formation concerning the activities de-
18	scribed in subclause (I) that is not con-
19	fidential;
20	"(ii) compliance with subsection
21	(e)(1);
22	"(iii) the monitoring and reporting of
23	emissions under paragraphs (2) and (3) of
24	subsection (e); and

1	"(iv) excess emission penalties under
2	subsection $(e)(4)$.
3	"(2) Mixed fuel, co-generation facilities
4	AND COMBINED HEAT AND POWER FACILITIES.—
5	The Administrator shall promulgate such regulations
6	as are necessary to ensure the equitable issuance of
7	allowances to—
8	"(A) facilities that use more than 1 energy
9	source to produce electricity; and
10	"(B) facilities that produce electricity in
11	addition to another service or product.
12	"(3) Report to congress on use of cap-
13	TURED OR RECOVERED MERCURY.—
14	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18
15	months after the date of enactment of this title,
16	the Administrator shall submit to Congress a
17	report on the public health and environmental
18	impacts from mercury that is or may be—
19	"(i) captured or recovered by air pol-
20	lution control technology; and
21	"(ii) incorporated into products such
22	as soil amendments and cement.
23	"(B) REQUIRED ELEMENTS.—The report
24	shall—
25	"(i) review—

1	"(I) technologies, in use as of the
2	date of the report, for incorporating
3	mercury into products; and
4	"(II) potential technologies that
5	might further minimize the release of
6	mercury; and
7	"(ii)(I) address the adequacy of legal
8	authorities and regulatory programs in ef-
9	fect as of the date of the report to protect
10	public health and the environment from
11	mercury in products described in subpara-
12	graph (A)(ii); and
13	"(II) to the extent necessary, make
14	recommendations to improve those authori-
15	ties and programs.
16	"(b) New Unit Reserves.—
17	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator
18	shall establish by regulation a reserve of nitrogen
19	oxide allowances and a reserve of mercury allow-
20	ances to be set aside for use by new units.
21	"(2) Determination of quantity.—The Ad-
22	ministrator, in consultation with the Secretary of
23	Energy, shall determine, based on projections of
24	electricity output for new units—

1	"(A) not later than June 30, 2005, the
2	quantity of nitrogen oxide allowances and mer-
3	cury allowances required to be held in reserve
4	for new units for each of calendar years 2009
5	through 2013; and
6	"(B) not later than June 30 of each fifth
7	calendar year thereafter, the quantity of nitro-
8	gen oxide allowances and mercury allowances
9	required to be held in reserve for new units for
10	the following 5-calendar year period.
11	"(c) Nitrogen Oxide and Mercury Allowance
12	Allocations.—
13	"(1) Timing of Allocations.—The Adminis-
14	trator shall allocate nitrogen oxide allowances and
15	mercury allowances to affected units—
16	"(A) not later than December 31, 2005,
17	for calendar year 2009; and
18	"(B) not later than December 31 of cal-
19	endar year 2006 and each calendar year there-
20	after, for the fourth calendar year that begins
21	after that December 31.
22	"(2) Allocations to affected units that
23	ARE NOT NEW UNITS.—
24	"(A) QUANTITY OF NITROGEN OXIDE AL-
25	LOWANCES ALLOCATED.—The Administrator

1	shall allocate to each affected unit that is not
2	a new unit a quantity of nitrogen oxide allow-
3	ances that is equal to the product obtained by
4	multiplying—
5	"(i) 1.5 pounds of nitrogen oxides per
6	megawatt hour; and
7	"(ii) the quotient obtained by divid-
8	ing—
9	"(I) the average annual net
10	quantity of electricity generated by
11	the affected unit during the most re-
12	cent 3-calendar year period for which
13	data are available, measured in mega-
14	watt hours; by
15	"(II) 2,000 pounds of nitrogen
16	oxides per ton.
17	"(B) QUANTITY OF MERCURY ALLOW-
18	ANCES ALLOCATED.—The Administrator shall
19	allocate to each affected unit that is not a new
20	unit a quantity of mercury allowances that is
21	equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
22	"(i) 0.0000227 pounds of mercury per
23	megawatt hour; and
24	"(ii) the average annual net quantity
25	of electricity generated by the affected unit

1	during the most recent 3-calendar year pe-
2	riod for which data are available, measured
3	in megawatt hours.
4	"(C) Adjustment of allocations.—
5	"(i) In general.—If, for any cal-
6	endar year, the total quantity of allowances
7	allocated under subparagraph (A) or (B) is
8	not equal to the applicable quantity deter-
9	mined under clause (ii), the Administrator
10	shall adjust the quantity of allowances allo-
11	cated to affected units that are not new
12	units on a pro-rata basis so that the quan-
13	tity is equal to the applicable quantity de-
14	termined under clause (ii).
15	"(ii) Applicable quantity.—The
16	applicable quantity referred to in clause (i)
17	is the difference between—
18	"(I) the applicable annual ton-
19	nage limitation for emissions from af-
20	fected units specified in subsection (b)
21	or (c) of section 702 for the calendar
22	year; and
23	"(II) the quantity of nitrogen
24	oxide allowances or mercury allow-
25	ances, respectively, placed in the ap-

1	plicable new unit reserve established
2	under subsection (b) for the calendar
3	year.
4	"(3) Allocation to New Units.—
5	"(A) Methodology.—The Administrator
6	shall promulgate regulations to establish a
7	methodology for allocating nitrogen oxide allow-
8	ances and mercury allowances to new units.
9	"(B) QUANTITY OF NITROGEN OXIDE AL-
10	LOWANCES AND MERCURY ALLOWANCES ALLO-
11	CATED.—The Administrator shall determine the
12	quantity of nitrogen oxide allowances and mer-
13	cury allowances to be allocated to each new unit
14	based on the projected emissions from the new
15	unit.
16	"(4) Allowance not a property right.—A
17	nitrogen oxide allowance or mercury allowance—
18	"(A) is not a property right; and
19	"(B) may be terminated or limited by the
20	Administrator.
21	"(5) No Judicial Review.—An allocation of
22	nitrogen allowances or mercury allowances by the
23	Administrator under this subsection shall not be
24	subject to judicial review.

1	"(d) Nitrogen Oxide Allowance and Mercury
2	ALLOWANCE TRANSFER SYSTEM.—
3	"(1) Use of allowances.—The regulations
4	promulgated under subsection (a)(1)(A) shall—
5	"(A) prohibit the use (but not the transfer
6	in accordance with paragraph (3)) of any nitro-
7	gen oxide allowance or mercury allowance be-
8	fore the calendar year for which the allowance
9	is allocated;
10	"(B) provide that unused nitrogen oxide
11	allowances and mercury allowances may be car-
12	ried forward and added to nitrogen oxide allow-
13	ances and mercury allowances, respectively, al-
14	located for subsequent years; and
15	"(C) provide that unused nitrogen oxide al-
16	lowances and mercury allowances may be trans-
17	ferred by—
18	"(i) the person to which the allow-
19	ances are allocated; or
20	"(ii) any person to which the allow-
21	ances are transferred.
22	"(2) Use by persons to which allowances
23	ARE TRANSFERRED.—Any person to which nitrogen
24	oxide allowances or mercury allowances are trans-
25	ferred under paragraph (1)(C)—

- "(A) may use the nitrogen oxide allowances or mercury allowances in the calendar
 year for which the nitrogen oxide allowances or
 mercury allowances were allocated, or in a subsequent calendar year, to demonstrate compliance with subsection (e)(1); or
 - "(B) may transfer the nitrogen oxide allowances or mercury allowances to any other person for the purpose of demonstration of that compliance.
 - "(3) CERTIFICATION OF TRANSFER.—A transfer of a nitrogen oxide allowance or mercury allowance shall not take effect until a written certification of the transfer, authorized by a responsible official of the person making the transfer, is received and recorded by the Administrator.
 - "(4) Permit requirements.—An allocation or transfer of nitrogen oxide allowances or mercury allowances to an affected unit shall, after recording by the Administrator, be considered to be part of the federally enforceable permit of the affected unit under this Act, without a requirement for any further review or revision of the permit.
- 24 "(e) Compliance and Enforcement.—

1	"(1) In general.—For calendar year 2009
2	and each calendar year thereafter, the operator of
3	each affected unit shall surrender to the Adminis-
4	trator—
5	"(A) a quantity of nitrogen oxide allow-
6	ances that is equal to the total tons of nitrogen
7	oxides emitted by the affected unit during the
8	calendar year; and
9	"(B) a quantity of mercury allowances that
10	is equal to the total pounds of mercury emitted
11	by the affected unit during the calendar year.
12	"(2) Monitoring system.—The Administrator
13	shall promulgate regulations requiring the accurate
14	monitoring of the quantities of nitrogen oxides and
15	mercury that are emitted at each affected unit.
16	"(3) Reporting.—
17	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less often than
18	quarterly, the owner or operator of an affected
19	unit shall submit to the Administrator a report
20	on the monitoring of emissions of nitrogen ox-
21	ides and mercury carried out by the owner or
22	operator in accordance with the regulations pro-
23	mulgated under paragraph (2).
24	"(B) AUTHORIZATION.—Each report sub-
25	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall be author-

1	ized by a responsible official of the affected
2	unit, who shall certify the accuracy of the re-
3	port.
4	"(C) Public reporting.—The Adminis
5	trator shall make available to the public
6	through 1 or more published reports and 1 or
7	more forms of electronic media, data concerning
8	the emissions of nitrogen oxides and mercury
9	from each affected unit.
10	"(4) Excess emissions.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The owner or operator
12	of an affected unit that emits nitrogen oxides or
13	mercury in excess of the nitrogen oxide allow
14	ances or mercury allowances that the owner or
15	operator holds for use for the affected unit for
16	the calendar year shall—
17	"(i) pay an excess emissions penalty
18	determined under subparagraph (B); and
19	"(ii) offset the excess emissions by an
20	equal quantity in the following calendar
21	year or such other period as the Adminis-
22	trator shall prescribe.
23	"(B) Determination of excess emis-
24	SIONS PENALTY.—

1	"(i) Nitrogen oxides.—The excess
2	emissions penalty for nitrogen oxides shall
3	be equal to the product obtained by multi-
4	plying—
5	"(I) the number of tons of nitro-
6	gen oxides emitted in excess of the
7	total quantity of nitrogen oxide allow-
8	ances held; and
9	"(II) $$5,000$, adjusted (in ac-
10	cordance with regulations promul-
11	gated by the Administrator) for
12	changes in the Consumer Price Index
13	for All-Urban Consumers published by
14	the Department of Labor.
15	"(ii) Mercury.—The excess emis-
16	sions penalty for mercury shall be equal to
17	the product obtained by multiplying—
18	"(I) the number of pounds of
19	mercury emitted in excess of the total
20	quantity of mercury allowances held;
21	and
22	"(II) \$10,000, adjusted (in ac-
23	cordance with regulations promul-
24	gated by the Administrator) for
25	changes in the Consumer Price Index

1	for All-Urban Consumers published by
2	the Department of Labor.
3	"SEC. 704. CARBON DIOXIDE ALLOWANCE TRADING PRO-
4	GRAM.
5	"(a) Regulations.—
6	"(1) In general.—Not later than January 1,
7	2005, the Administrator shall promulgate regula-
8	tions to establish a carbon dioxide allowance trading
9	program for covered units in the United States.
10	"(2) Required elements.—Regulations pro-
11	mulgated under paragraph (1) shall establish re-
12	quirements for the carbon dioxide allowance trading
13	program under this section, including requirements
14	concerning—
15	"(A)(i) the generation, allocation, issuance,
16	recording, tracking, transfer, and use of carbon
17	dioxide allowances; and
18	"(ii) the public availability of all informa-
19	tion concerning the activities described in clause
20	(i) that is not confidential;
21	"(B) compliance with subsection (f)(1);
22	"(C) the monitoring and reporting of emis-
23	sions under paragraphs (2) and (3) of sub-
24	section (f);

1	"(D) excess emission penalties under sub-
2	section $(f)(4)$; and
3	"(E) standards, guidelines, and procedures
4	concerning the generation, certification, and use
5	of additional carbon dioxide allowances made
6	available under subsection (d).
7	"(b) New Unit Reserve.—
8	"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator
9	shall establish by regulation a reserve of carbon di-
10	oxide allowances to be set aside for use by new units
11	and new renewable energy units.
12	"(2) Determination of quantity.—The Ad-
13	ministrator, in consultation with the Secretary of
14	Energy, shall determine, based on projections of
15	electricity output for new units and new renewable
16	energy units—
17	"(A) not later than June 30, 2005, the
18	quantity of carbon dioxide allowances required
19	to be held in reserve for new units and new re-
20	newable energy units for each of calendar years
21	2009 through 2013; and
22	"(B) not later than June 30 of each fifth
23	calendar year thereafter, the quantity of carbon
24	dioxide allowances required to be held in reserve

1	for new units and renewable energy units for
2	the following 5-calendar year period.
3	"(c) Carbon Dioxide Allowance Allocation.—
4	"(1) Timing of Allocations.—The Adminis-
5	trator shall allocate carbon dioxide allowances to
6	covered units—
7	"(A) not later than December 31, 2005,
8	for calendar year 2009; and
9	"(B) not later than December 31 of cal-
10	endar year 2006 and each calendar year there-
11	after, for the fourth calendar year that begins
12	after that December 31.
13	"(2) Allocations to covered units that
14	ARE NOT NEW UNITS.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
16	shall allocate to each affected unit that is not
17	a new unit, to each nuclear generating unit
18	with respect to incremental nuclear generation,
19	and to each renewable energy unit that is not
20	a new renewable energy unit, a quantity of car-
21	bon dioxide allowances that is equal to the
22	product obtained by multiplying—
23	"(i) the quantity of carbon dioxide al-
24	lowances available for allocation under sub-
25	paragraph (B); and

1	"(ii) the quotient obtained by divid-
2	ing—
3	"(I) the average net quantity of
4	electricity generated by the unit in a
5	calendar year during the most recent
6	3-calendar year period for which data
7	are available, measured in megawatt
8	hours; and
9	"(II) the total of the average net
10	quantities described in subclause (I)
11	with respect to all such units.
12	"(B) QUANTITY TO BE ALLOCATED.—For
13	each calendar year, the quantity of carbon diox-
14	ide allowances allocated under subparagraph
15	(A) shall be equal to the difference between—
16	"(i) the annual tonnage limitation for
17	emissions of carbon dioxide from affected
18	units specified in section 702(d) for the
19	calendar year; and
20	"(ii) the quantity of carbon dioxide al-
21	lowances placed in the new unit reserve es-
22	tablished under subsection (b) for the cal-
23	endar year.
24	"(3) Allocation to New Units and New Re-
25	NEWABLE ENERGY UNITS.—

1	"(A) Methodology.—The Administrator
2	shall promulgate regulations to establish a
3	methodology for allocating carbon dioxide allow-
4	ances to new units and new renewable energy
5	units.

"(B) QUANTITY OF CARBON DIOXIDE AL-LOWANCES ALLOCATED.—The Administrator shall determine the quantity of carbon dioxide allowances to be allocated to each new unit and each new renewable energy unit based on the unit's projected share of the total electric power generation attributable to covered units.

13 "(d) Issuance and Use of Additional Carbon14 Dioxide Allowances.—

"(1) In General.—

"(A) Allowances for projects certified by independent review board.—In addition to carbon dioxide allowances allocated under subsection (c), the Administrator shall make carbon dioxide allowances available to projects that are certified, in accordance with paragraph (3), by the independent review board established under paragraph (2) as eligible to receive the carbon dioxide allowances.

1	"(B) Allowances obtained under
2	OTHER PROGRAMS.—The regulations promul-
3	gated under subsection (a)(1) shall—
4	"(i) allow covered units to comply
5	with subsection $(f)(1)$ by purchasing and
6	using carbon dioxide allowances that are
7	traded under any other United States or
8	internationally recognized carbon dioxide
9	reduction program that is specified under
10	clause (ii);
11	"(ii) specify, for the purpose of clause
12	(i), programs that meet the goals of this
13	section; and
14	"(iii) apply such conditions to the use
15	of carbon dioxide allowances traded under
16	programs specified under clause (ii) as are
17	necessary to achieve the goals of this sec-
18	tion.
19	"(2) Independent review board.—
20	"(A) In General.—
21	"(i) Establishment.—The Adminis-
22	trator shall establish an independent re-
23	view board to assist the Administrator in
24	certifying projects as eligible for carbon di-

1	oxide allowances made available under
2	paragraph (1)(A).
3	"(ii) REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—Each
4	certification by the independent review
5	board of a project shall be subject to the
6	review and approval of the Administrator.
7	"(iii) Requirements.—Subject to
8	this subsection, requirements relating to
9	the creation, composition, duties, respon-
10	sibilities, and other aspects of the inde-
11	pendent review board shall be included in
12	the regulations promulgated by the Admin-
13	istrator under subsection (a).
14	"(B) Membership.—The independent re-
15	view board shall be composed of 12 members.
16	of whom—
17	"(i) 10 members shall be appointed by
18	the Administrator, of whom—
19	"(I) 1 member shall represent
20	the Environmental Protection Agency
21	(who shall serve as chairperson of the
22	independent review board);
23	"(II) 3 members shall represent
24	State governments;

1	"(III) 3 members shall represent
2	the electric generating sector; and
3	"(IV) 3 members shall represent
4	environmental organizations;
5	"(ii) 1 member shall be appointed by
6	the Secretary of Energy to represent the
7	Department of Energy; and
8	"(iii) 1 member shall be appointed by
9	the Secretary of Agriculture to represent
10	the Department of Agriculture.
11	"(C) Staff and other resources.—
12	The Administrator shall provide such staff and
13	other resources to the independent review board
14	as the Administrator determines to be nec-
15	essary.
16	"(D) DEVELOPMENT OF GUIDELINES.—
17	"(i) IN GENERAL.—The independent
18	review board shall develop guidelines for
19	certifying projects in accordance with para-
20	graph (3), including—
21	"(I) criteria that address the va-
22	lidity of claims that projects result in
23	the generation of carbon dioxide al-
24	lowances;

1	"(II) guidelines for certifying in-
2	cremental carbon sequestration in ac-
3	cordance with clause (ii); and
4	"(III) guidelines for certifying
5	geological sequestration of carbon di-
6	oxide in accordance with clause (iii).
7	"(ii) Guidelines for certifying
8	INCREMENTAL CARBON SEQUESTRATION.—
9	The guidelines for certifying incremental
10	carbon sequestration in forests, agricul-
11	tural soil, rangeland, or grassland shall in-
12	clude development, reporting, monitoring,
13	and verification guidelines, to be used in
14	quantifying net carbon sequestration from
15	land use projects, that are based on—
16	"(I) measurement of increases in
17	carbon storage in excess of the carbon
18	storage that would have occurred in
19	the absence of such a project;
20	"(II) comprehensive carbon ac-
21	counting that—
22	"(aa) reflects net increases
23	in carbon reservoirs; and
24	"(bb) takes into account any
25	carbon emissions resulting from

1	disturbance of carbon reservoirs
2	in existence as of the date of
3	commencement of the project;
4	"(III) adjustments to account
5	for—
6	"(aa) emissions of carbon
7	that may result at other locations
8	as a result of the impact of the
9	project on timber supplies; or
10	"(bb) potential displacement
11	of carbon emissions to other land
12	owned by the entity that carries
13	out the project; and
14	"(IV) adjustments to reflect the
15	expected carbon storage over various
16	time periods, taking into account the
17	likely duration of the storage of the
18	carbon stored in a carbon reservoir.
19	"(iii) Guidelines for certifying
20	GEOLOGICAL SEQUESTRATION OF CARBON
21	DIOXIDE.—The guidelines for certifying
22	geological sequestration of carbon dioxide
23	produced by a covered unit shall—
24	"(I) provide that a project shall
25	be certified only to the extent that the

1	geological sequestration of carbon di-
2	oxide produced by a covered unit is in
3	addition to any carbon dioxide used by
4	the covered unit in 2009 for enhanced
5	oil recovery; and
6	"(II) include requirements for de-
7	velopment, reporting, monitoring, and
8	verification for quantifying net carbon
9	sequestration—
10	"(aa) to ensure the perma-
11	nence of the sequestration; and
12	"(bb) to ensure that the se-
13	questration will not cause or con-
14	tribute to significant adverse ef-
15	fects on the environment.
16	"(iv) Deadlines for Develop-
17	MENT.—The guidelines under clause (i)
18	shall be developed—
19	"(I) with respect to projects de-
20	scribed in paragraph (3)(A), not later
21	than January 1, 2005; and
22	"(II) with respect to projects de-
23	scribed in paragraph (3)(B), not later
24	than January 1, 2006.

1	"(v) Updating of guidelines.—
2	The independent review board shall peri-
3	odically update the guidelines as the inde-
4	pendent review board determines to be ap-
5	propriate.
6	"(E) CERTIFICATION OF PROJECTS.—
7	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
8	(ii), subparagraph (A)(ii), and paragraph
9	(3), the independent review board shall
10	certify projects as eligible for additional
11	carbon dioxide allowances.
12	"(ii) Limitation.—The independent
13	review board shall not certify a project
14	under this subsection if the carbon dioxide
15	emission reductions achieved by the project
16	will be used to satisfy any requirement im-
17	posed on any foreign country or any indus-
18	trial sector to reduce the quantity of green-
19	house gases emitted by the foreign country
20	or industrial sector.
21	"(3) Projects eligible for additional
22	CARBON DIOXIDE ALLOWANCES.—
23	"(A) Projects carried out in cal-
24	ENDAR YEARS 1990 THROUGH 2008.—

1	"(i) In General.—The independent
2	review board may certify as eligible for
3	carbon dioxide allowances a project that—
4	"(I) is carried out on or after
5	January 1, 1990, and before January
6	1, 2009; and
7	"(II) consists of—
8	"(aa) a carbon sequestration
9	project carried out in the United
10	States or a foreign country;
11	"(bb) a project reported
12	under section 1605(b) of the En-
13	ergy Policy Act of 1992 (42
14	U.S.C. 13385(b)); or
15	"(ce) any other project to
16	reduce emissions of greenhouse
17	gases that is carried out in the
18	United States or a foreign coun-
19	try.
20	"(ii) Maximum quantity of addi-
21	TIONAL CARBON DIOXIDE ALLOWANCES.—
22	The Administrator may make available to
23	projects certified under clause (i) a quan-
24	tity of allowances that is not greater than
25	10 percent of the tonnage limitation for

1	calendar year 2009 for emissions of carbon
2	dioxide from affected units specified in sec-
3	tion $702(d)(1)$.
4	"(iii) Use of allowances.—Allow-
5	ances made available under clause (ii) may
6	be used to comply with subsection (f)(1) in
7	calendar year 2009 or any calendar year
8	thereafter.
9	"(B) Projects carried out in cal-
10	ENDAR YEAR 2009 AND THEREAFTER.—The
11	independent review board may certify as eligible
12	for carbon dioxide allowances a project that—
13	"(i) is carried out on or after January
14	1, 2009; and
15	"(ii) consists of—
16	"(I) a carbon sequestration
17	project carried out in the United
18	States or a foreign country; or
19	"(II) a project to reduce the
20	greenhouse gas emissions (on a car-
21	bon dioxide equivalency basis deter-
22	mined by the independent review
23	board) of a source of greenhouse
24	gases that is not an affected unit.

1	"(e) Carbon Dioxide Allowance Transfer Sys-
2	TEM.—
3	"(1) Use of allowances.—The regulations
4	promulgated under subsection (a)(1) shall—
5	"(A) prohibit the use (but not the transfer
6	in accordance with paragraph (3)) of any car-
7	bon dioxide allowance before the calendar year
8	for which the carbon dioxide allowance is allo-
9	cated;
10	"(B) provide that unused carbon dioxide
11	allowances may be carried forward and added
12	to carbon dioxide allowances allocated for sub-
13	sequent years;
14	"(C) provide that unused carbon dioxide
15	allowances may be transferred by—
16	"(i) the person to which the carbon
17	dioxide allowances are allocated; or
18	"(ii) any person to which the carbon
19	dioxide allowances are transferred; and
20	"(D) provide that carbon dioxide allow-
21	ances allocated and transferred under this sec-
22	tion may be transferred into any other market-
23	based carbon dioxide emission trading program
24	that is—
25	"(i) approved by the President; and

1	"(ii) implemented in accordance with
2	regulations developed by the Administrator
3	or the head of any other Federal agency.
4	"(2) Use by persons to which carbon di-
5	OXIDE ALLOWANCES ARE TRANSFERRED.—Any per-
6	son to which carbon dioxide allowances are trans-
7	ferred under paragraph (1)(C)—
8	"(A) may use the carbon dioxide allow-
9	ances in the calendar year for which the carbon
10	dioxide allowances were allocated, or in a subse-
11	quent calendar year, to demonstrate compliance
12	with subsection $(f)(1)$; or
13	"(B) may transfer the carbon dioxide al-
14	lowances to any other person for the purpose of
15	demonstration of that compliance.
16	"(3) Certification of Transfer.—A trans-
17	fer of a carbon dioxide allowance shall not take ef-
18	fect until a written certification of the transfer, au-
19	thorized by a responsible official of the person mak-
20	ing the transfer, is received and recorded by the Ad-
21	ministrator.
22	"(4) Permit requirements.—An allocation
23	or transfer of carbon dioxide allowances to a covered
24	unit, or for a project carried out on behalf of a cov-
25	ered unit, under subsection (c) or (d) shall, after re-

1 cording by the Administrator, be considered to be 2 part of the federally enforceable permit of the covered unit under this Act, without a requirement for 3 4 any further review or revision of the permit. "(f) Compliance and Enforcement.— 5 "(1) In General.—For calendar year 2009 6 7 and each calendar year thereafter— "(A) the operator of each affected unit and 8 9 each renewable energy unit shall surrender to the Administrator a quantity of carbon dioxide 10 11 allowances that is equal to the total tons of car-12 bon dioxide emitted by the affected unit or re-13 newable energy unit during the calendar year; 14 and 15 "(B) the operator of each nuclear gener-16 ating unit that has incremental nuclear genera-17 tion shall surrender to the Administrator a 18 quantity of carbon dioxide allowances that is 19 equal to the total tons of carbon dioxide emitted 20 by the nuclear generating unit during the cal-21 endar year from incremental nuclear genera-22 tion. "(2) Monitoring system.—The Administrator 23 shall promulgate regulations requiring the accurate 24

1 monitoring of the quantity of carbon dioxide that is 2 emitted at each covered unit. 3 "(3) Reporting.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less often than 4 5 quarterly, the owner or operator of a covered 6 unit, or a person that carries out a project cer-7 tified under subsection (d) on behalf of a cov-8 ered unit, shall submit to the Administrator a 9 report on the monitoring of carbon dioxide 10 emissions carried out at the covered unit in ac-11 cordance with the regulations promulgated 12 under paragraph (2). "(B) AUTHORIZATION.—Each report sub-13 14 mitted under subparagraph (A) shall be author-15 ized by a responsible official of the covered unit, 16 who shall certify the accuracy of the report. 17 "(C) Public Reporting.—The Adminis-18 trator shall make available to the public, 19 through 1 or more published reports and 1 or 20 more forms of electronic media, data concerning 21 the emissions of carbon dioxide from each cov-22 ered unit.

"(4) Excess emissions.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The owner or operator of a covered unit that emits carbon dioxide in

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1	excess of the carbon dioxide allowances that the
2	owner or operator holds for use for the covered
3	unit for the calendar year shall—
4	"(i) pay an excess emissions penalty
5	determined under subparagraph (B); and
6	"(ii) offset the excess emissions by an
7	equal quantity in the following calendar
8	year or such other period as the Adminis-
9	trator shall prescribe.
10	"(B) Determination of excess emis-
11	SIONS PENALTY.—The excess emissions penalty
12	shall be equal to the product obtained by multi-
13	plying—
14	"(i) the number of tons of carbon di-
15	oxide emitted in excess of the total quan-
16	tity of carbon dioxide allowances held; and
17	"(ii) \$100, adjusted (in accordance
18	with regulations promulgated by the Ad-
19	ministrator) for changes in the Consumer
20	Price Index for All-Urban Consumers pub-
21	lished by the Department of Labor.
22	"(g) Allowance Not a Property Right.—A car-
23	bon dioxide allowance—
24	"(1) is not a property right; and

1	"(2) may be terminated or limited by the Ad-
2	ministrator.
3	"(h) No Judicial Review.—An allocation of carbon
4	dioxide allowances by the Administrator under subsection
5	(c) or (d) shall not be subject to judicial review.".
6	SEC. 4. NEW SOURCE REVIEW PROGRAM.
7	Section 165 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7475)
8	is amended by adding at the end the following:
9	"(f) Revisions to New Source Review Pro-
10	GRAM.—
11	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
12	"(A) COVERED UNIT.—The term 'covered
13	unit' has the meaning given the term in section
14	701.
15	"(B) New Source Review Program.—
16	The term 'new source review program' means
17	the program to carry out section 111 and this
18	part.
19	"(2) REGULATIONS.—In accordance with this
20	subsection, the Administrator shall promulgate regu-
21	lations revising the new source review program.
22	"(3) Applicability Criteria.—Beginning
23	January 1, 2009, the new source review program
24	shall apply only to—

1	"(A) construction of a new covered unit
2	(which construction shall include the replace-
3	ment of an existing boiler); and
4	"(B) an activity that results in any in-
5	crease in the maximum hourly rate of emissions
6	from a covered unit of air pollutants regulated
7	under the new source review program (meas-
8	ured in pounds per megawatt hour), after net-
9	ting among covered units at a source.
10	"(4) Performance standards.—Beginning
11	in 2020, each affected unit (as defined in section
12	701(1)(B)) on which construction commenced before
13	August 17, 1971, shall meet performance standards
14	of—
15	"(A) 4.5 lbs/MWh for sulfur dioxide; and
16	"(B) 2.5 lbs/MWh for nitrogen oxides.
17	"(5) Biennial identification of best
18	AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES AND LOWEST
19	ACHIEVABLE EMISSION RATES.—Notwithstanding
20	the definitions of 'best available control technology'
21	under section 169 and 'lowest achievable emission
22	rate' under section 171, the Administrator shall
23	identify the best available control technologies and

lowest achievable emission rates, on a biennial basis,

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1	as those rates and technologies apply to covered
2	units.
3	"(6) REVISION OF LOWEST ACHIEVABLE EMIS-
4	SION RATE WITH RESPECT TO CONSIDERED
5	COSTS.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the
7	definition of 'lowest achievable emission rate'
8	under section 171, with respect to technology
9	required to be installed by the electric gener-
10	ating sector, costs may be considered in the de-
11	termination of the lowest achievable emission
12	rate, so that, beginning January 1, 2009, a cov-
13	ered unit (as defined in section 701) shall not
14	be required to install technology required to
15	meet a lowest achievable emission rate if the
16	cost of the technology exceeds the maximum
17	amount determined under subparagraph (B).
18	"(B) MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF COST.—The
19	maximum amount referred to in subparagraph
20	(A) shall be an amount (in dollars per ton)
21	that—
22	"(i) is determined by the Adminis-
23	trator; but
24	"(ii) does not exceed an amount equal
25	to twice the amount of the applicable cost

1	guideline for best available control tech-
2	nology.
3	"(7) Emission offsets.—No source within
4	the electric generating sector that locates in a non-
5	attainment area after December 31, 2008, shall be
6	required to obtain offsets for emissions of air pollut-
7	ants.
8	"(8) Adverse local air quality impacts.—
9	The regulations shall require each State—
10	"(A) to identify areas in the State that ad-
11	versely affect local air quality; and
12	"(B) to impose such facility-specific and
13	other measures as are necessary to remedy the
14	adverse effects in accordance with the national
15	pollutant tonnage limitations under section 702.
16	"(9) No effect on other requirements.—
17	Nothing in this subsection affects the obligation of
18	any State or local government to comply with the re-
19	quirements established under this section con-
20	cerning—
21	"(A) national ambient air quality stand-
22	ards;
23	"(B) maximum allowable air pollutant in-
24	creases or maximum allowable air pollutant
25	concentrations: or

1	"(C) protection of visibility and other air
2	quality-related values in areas designated as
3	class I areas under part C of title I.".
4	SEC. 5. REVISIONS TO SULFUR DIOXIDE ALLOWANCE PRO-
5	GRAM.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Clean Air Act (re-
7	lating to acid deposition control) (42 U.S.C. 7651 et seq.)
8	is amended by adding at the end the following:
9	"SEC. 417. REVISIONS TO SULFUR DIOXIDE ALLOWANCE
10	PROGRAM.
11	"(a) Definitions.—In this section, the terms 'af-
12	fected unit' and 'new unit' have the meanings given the
13	terms in section 701.
14	"(b) Regulations.—Not later than January 1,
15	2004, the Administrator shall promulgate such revisions
16	to the regulations to implement this title as the Adminis-
17	trator determines to be necessary to implement section
18	702(a).
19	"(c) New Unit Reserve.—
20	"(1) Establishment.—Subject to the annual
21	tonnage limitation for emissions of sulfur dioxide
22	from affected units specified in section 702(a), the
23	Administrator shall establish by regulation a reserve
24	of allowances to be set aside for use by new units.

1	"(2) Determination of quantity.—The Ad-
2	ministrator, in consultation with the Secretary of
3	Energy, shall determine, based on projections of
4	electricity output for new units—
5	"(A) not later than June 30, 2005, the
6	quantity of allowances required to be held in re-
7	serve for new units for each of calendar years
8	2009 through 2013; and
9	"(B) not later than June 30 of each fifth
10	calendar year thereafter, the quantity of allow-
11	ances required to be held in reserve for new
12	units for the following 5-calendar year period.
13	"(3) Allocation.—
14	"(A) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator
15	shall promulgate regulations to establish a
16	methodology for allocating allowances to new
17	units.
18	"(B) No Judicial Review.—An allocation
19	of allowances by the Administrator under this
20	subsection shall not be subject to judicial re-
21	view.
22	"(d) Existing Units.—
23	"(1) Allocation.—
24	"(A) REGULATIONS.—Subject to the an-
25	nual tonnage limitation for emissions of sulfur

1	dioxide from affected units specified in section
2	702(a), and subject to the reserve of allowances
3	for new units under subsection (c), the Admin-
4	istrator shall promulgate regulations to govern
5	the allocation of allowances to affected units
6	that are not new units.
7	"(B) Required elements.—The regula-
8	tions shall provide for—
9	"(i) the allocation of allowances on a
10	fair and equitable basis between affected
11	units that received allowances under sec-
12	tion 405 and affected units that are not
13	new units and that did not receive allow-
14	ances under that section, using for both
15	categories of units the same or similar allo-
16	cation methodology as was used under sec-
17	tion 405; and
18	"(ii) the pro-rata distribution of allow-
19	ances to all units described in clause (i)
20	subject to the annual tonnage limitation
21	for emissions of sulfur dioxide from af-
22	fected units specified in section 702(a).
23	"(2) Timing of Allocations.—The Adminis-
24	trator shall allocate allowances to affected units—

1	"(A) not later than December 31, 2005,
2	for calendar year 2009; and
3	"(B) not later than December 31 of cal-
4	endar year 2006 and each calendar year there-
5	after, for the fourth calendar year that begins
6	after that December 31.
7	"(3) No Judicial Review.—An allocation of
8	allowances by the Administrator under this sub-
9	section shall not be subject to judicial review.
10	"(e) Western Regional Air Partnership.—
11	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
12	"(A) COVERED STATE.—The term 'covered
13	State' means each of the States of Arizona,
14	California, Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, New Mex-
15	ico, Oregon, Utah, and Wyoming.
16	"(B) COVERED YEAR.—The term 'covered
17	year' means—
18	"(i)(I)(aa) the third calendar year
19	after the first calendar year in which the
20	Administrator determines by regulation
21	that the total of the annual emissions of
22	sulfur dioxide from all affected units in the
23	covered States is projected to exceed
24	271,000 tons in calendar year 2018 or any
25	calendar year thereafter; but

1	"(bb) not earlier than calendar year
2	2016; or
3	"(II) if the Administrator does not
4	make the determination described in sub-
5	clause (I)(aa)—
6	"(aa) the third calendar year
7	after the first calendar year with re-
8	spect to which the total of the annual
9	emissions of sulfur dioxide from all af-
10	fected units in the covered States first
11	exceeds 271,000 tons; but
12	"(bb) not earlier than calendar
13	year 2021; and
14	"(ii) each calendar year after the cal-
15	endar year determined under clause (i).
16	"(2) Maximum emissions of sulfur dioxide
17	FROM EACH AFFECTED UNIT.—In each covered year,
18	the emissions of sulfur dioxide from each affected
19	unit in a covered State shall not exceed the number
20	of allowances that are allocated under paragraph (3)
21	and held by the affected unit for the covered year.
22	"(3) Allocation of allowances.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Janu-
24	ary 1, 2013, the Administrator shall promul-
25	gate regulations to establish—

1	"(i) a methodology for allocating al-
2	lowances to affected units in covered
3	States under this subsection; and
4	"(ii) the timing of the allocations.
5	"(B) No Judicial Review.—An allocation
6	of allowances by the Administrator under this
7	paragraph shall not be subject to judicial re-
8	view.".
9	(b) Definition of Allowance.—Section 402 of
10	the Clean Air Act (relating to acid deposition control) (42
11	U.S.C. 7651a) is amended by striking paragraph (3) and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(3) ALLOWANCE.—The term 'allowance'
14	means an authorization, allocated by the Adminis-
15	trator to an affected unit under this title, to emit,
16	during or after a specified calendar year, a quantity
17	of sulfur dioxide determined by the Administrator
18	and specified in the regulations promulgated under
19	section 417(b).".
20	(e) Technical Amendments.—
21	(1) Title IV of the Clean Air Act (relating to
22	noise pollution) (42 U.S.C. 7641 et seq.)—
23	(A) is amended by redesignating sections
24	401 through 403 as sections 801 through 803,
25	respectively; and

1	(B) is redesignated as title VIII and moved
2	to appear at the end of that Act.
3	(2) The table of contents for title IV of the
4	Clean Air Act (relating to acid deposition control)
5	(42 U.S.C. prec. 7651) is amended by adding at the
6	end the following:
	"Sec. 417. Revisions to sulfur dioxide allowance program.".
7	SEC. 6. AIR QUALITY FORECASTS AND WARNINGS.
8	(a) Requirement for Forecasts and Warn-
9	INGS.—The Secretary of Commerce, acting through the
10	Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
11	Administration, in cooperation with the Administrator of
12	the Environmental Protection Agency, shall issue air qual-
13	ity forecasts and air quality warnings as part of the mis-
14	sion of the Department of Commerce.
15	(b) Regional Warnings.—In carrying out sub-
16	section (a), the Secretary of Commerce shall establish
17	within the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
18	tion a program to provide region-oriented forecasts and
19	warnings regarding air quality for each of the following
20	regions of the United States:
21	(1) The Northeast, composed of Connecticut,
22	Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York,
23	Rhode Island, and Vermont.

1	(2) The Mid-Atlantic, composed of Delaware,
2	the District of Columbia, Maryland, New Jersey,
3	Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia.
4	(3) The Southeast, composed of Alabama, Flor-
5	ida, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina.
6	(4) The South, composed of Arkansas, Lou-
7	isiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Tennessee, and
8	Texas.
9	(5) The Midwest, composed of Illinois, Indiana,
10	Iowa, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri,
11	Ohio, and Wisconsin.
12	(6) The High Plains, composed of Kansas, Ne-
13	braska, North Dakota, and South Dakota.
14	(7) The Northwest, composed of Idaho, Mon-
15	tana, Oregon, Washington, and Wyoming.
16	(8) The Southwest, composed of Arizona, Cali-
17	fornia, Colorado, New Mexico, Nevada, and Utah.
18	(9) Alaska.
19	(10) Hawaii.
20	(e) Priority Area.—In establishing the program
21	described in subsection (a), the Secretary of Commerce
22	and the Administrator shall identify and expand, to the
23	maximum extent practicable, Federal air quality forecast
24	and warning programs in effect as of the date of establish-
25	ment of the program.

1	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
2	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
3	essary to carry out this section.
4	SEC. 7. RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW.
5	(a) Exemption From Hazardous Air Pollutant
6	Requirements Relating to Mercury.—Section 112
7	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (f), by adding at the end the
9	following:
10	"(7) Mercury emitted from certain af-
11	FECTED UNITS.—Not later than 8 years after the
12	date of enactment of this paragraph, the Adminis-
13	trator shall carry out the duties of the Administrator
14	under this subsection with respect to mercury emit-
15	ted from affected units (as defined in section 701).";
16	and
17	(2) in subsection $(n)(1)(A)$ —
18	(A) by striking "(A) The Administrator"
19	and inserting the following:
20	"(A) STUDY, REPORT, AND REGULA-
21	TIONS.—
22	"(i) Study and report to con-
23	GRESS.—The Administrator';
24	(B) by striking "The Administrator" in
25	the fourth sentence and inserting the following:

1	"(ii) Regulations.—
2	"(I) In General.—The Admin-
3	istrator"; and
4	(C) in clause (ii) (as designated by sub-
5	paragraph (B)), by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(II) Exemption for certain
8	AFFECTED UNITS RELATING TO MER-
9	CURY.—An affected unit (as defined
10	in section 701) that would otherwise
11	be subject to mercury emission stand-
12	ards under subclause (I) shall not be
13	subject to mercury emission standards
14	under subclause (I) or subsection
15	(e).''.
16	(b) Temporary Exemption From Visibility Pro-
17	TECTION REQUIREMENTS.—Section 169A(c) of the Clean
18	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7491(c)) is amended—
19	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "this sub-
20	section" and inserting "paragraph (1)"; and
21	(2) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(4) Temporary exemption for certain af-
23	FECTED UNITS.—An affected unit (as defined in sec-
24	tion 701) shall not be subject to subsection
25	(b)(2)(A) during the period—

1	"(A) beginning on the date of enactment of
2	this paragraph; and
3	"(B) ending on the date that is 20 years
4	after the date of enactment of this paragraph.".
5	(c) No Effect on Other Federal and State
6	REQUIREMENTS.—Except as otherwise specifically pro-
7	vided in this Act, nothing in this Act or an amendment
8	made by this Act—
9	(1) affects any permitting, monitoring, or en-
10	forcement obligation of the Administrator of the En-
11	vironmental Protection Agency under the Clean Air
12	Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) or any remedy pro-
13	vided under that Act;
14	(2) affects any requirement applicable to, or li-
15	ability of, an electric generating facility under that
16	Act;
17	(3) requires a change in, affects, or limits any
18	State law that regulates electric utility rates or
19	charges, including prudency review under State law;
20	or
21	(4) precludes a State or political subdivision of
22	a State from adopting and enforcing any require-
23	ment for the control or abatement of air pollution,
24	except that a State or political subdivision may not
25	adopt or enforce any emission standard or limitation

- 1 that is less stringent than the requirements imposed
- 2 under that Act.

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